## AP<sup>®</sup> HUMAN GEOGRAPHY 2016 SCORING GUIDELINES

## **Question 1**

## A. Identify the three main economic activities. (1 point total)

(1 point for identifying all three)

**Primary:** Production of raw materials or natural resource extraction (e.g., agriculture, mining, energy, timber, fishing)

**Secondary:** Processing or refining of natural resources (e.g., manufacturing finished goods, industry, building construction, assembly, factory work, value-added, blue collar)

**Tertiary:** Provision of services (e.g., healthcare, technology, communications, financial, wholesale and retail trade, transportation, personal, professional, business services, white collar)

### B. Changes as a result of development. (6 points total)

1. **Primary Sector Employment:** Employment in the primary sector decreases as countries develop. This is a result of TWO of the following categories:

2 points (1 point for explanation + 1 point for explanation)

- a. **Technological improvements:** Reduced need for human labor as primary industries add mechanized equipment or processes.
- b. **Industrialization:** Shift toward an increasing percentage of jobs in secondary and/or tertiary (also quaternary, quinary) sectors resulting from changes (e.g., increased demand for manufactured products, agribusiness, higher pay, greater profits, improved education).
- c. **Off-shoring, outsourcing, or colonization:** Reduced employment opportunities as colonies or less-developed countries are utilized for primary resources, rise of multinational/transnational corporations, globalized trade and connectivity.
- d. **Rural to urban migration:** Increased secondary and tertiary-sector employment opportunities in towns and cities draw people away from rural places of primary sector production.
- e. **Environmental change:** Human causes (e.g., resource depletion and/or unsustainable practices, overfishing, deforestation); natural causes (e.g., land becomes less arable, desertification, flooding, extended drought); promotion of sustainability.

2. **Infant Mortality Rate:** Increased funding and access to services for mothers and children (under one years old) lead to a reduction in the IMR as a result of TWO of the following categories: 2 points (1 point for explanation + 1 point for explanation)

- a. **Healthcare:** Improved access to (social and spatial) and/or quality of medical care for expectant mothers and/or their infants, vaccination.
- b. **Social or cultural changes:** Improved health education, infant safety devices, laws that indirectly influence a reduction in IMR, fewer teenage pregnancies, reduced disparities in health care provision and education, improved maternity leave policies, longer spacing between births.
- c. **Environmental factors:** Improved sanitation, clean water supplies, removal of toxic materials and hazardous wastes, infectious disease prevention, reduced air pollution
- d. **Diet or nutrition:** Improved infant and/or maternal nutrition, encouraging breastfeeding, increased access to vitamin supplements (prenatal or for mother), increased access to food and/or food safety (e.g., regulations).

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## **Question 1 (continued)**

3. **Women's Social Status:** As a country develops, there is increased equity and access for women as a result of TWO of the following categories:

2 points (1 point for explanation + 1 point for explanation)

- a. **Employment:** Increased employment opportunities in the paid labor force, increased opportunities for equal access to all levels of education leading to higher earning potential, improved maternity leave policies, greater self-sufficiency.
- b. **Societal changes:** Greater gender equality/decline in patriarchal society, reduced gender favoritism of infants, increased social justice and human rights for women, global pressure from other cultures, improved social standing due to education.
- c. Healthcare: Increased access to women's healthcare, contraception, family planning.
- d. **Political:** Increased political participation, universal voting rights, increased candidacy by women and political leadership roles, law enforcement protections for women, government funding of women's programs.
- e. **Demographic:** Increased average age of marriage and/or initial motherhood, fewer teenage pregnancies.
- f. **Finance:** Increased access to capital (loans or microloans), decline in barriers for women to start new businesses, increased land tenure.

ANSWER PAGE FOR QUESTION 1

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A. An example of primary economic activities could be agriculture or
A. <u>An example of primary economic activities could be agriculture or</u> <u>Mining</u> ; <u>Mining</u> , growing of Wheat and coal Mining. Examples
of the secondary economic activits include manufacturing of.
cars or bottling of sodas. Examples of tertiary economic
activities include jobs such as researchers and teachers.
51. One reason for teclines in primary sector employment is the
increase in technology in a country. As farming and mining are
made easier by new machines, it is no longer required to
have as many people working there. As a result, many
people formerly employed in the primary sector move to the
Sciondary or even tertiary Sector.
Another reason for the Jeclines in primary sector employment
is increasing education. As a country's education system
becomes better, many people working in the primary
sector are able to become better educated. As a result,
Many of them are able to Find More advanced jobs in
the secondary or fortiary sector.
B2. One reason for a decrease in infant Mortality rate
would be an increase in Medicine in the country.
As a country be comes more developed and gets better
medicine and healthcare, they are able to provide better
hospitals and save more lives. Because of these advances,
More babies can be saved in childbirth.
Another reason would be an increase in education.
If a woman can be more educated then she will

ADDITIONAL ANSWER PAGE FOR QUESTION 1

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before and after childbirth. child 40 how Care for D. Know will be less SICK infants and COSUL there a rate unt mortality int 33 women's TIN INCROSE 10 . Social citizens Of a OUNTRU ann COLTION. clearer to them than (1)0 MALA Will there Sam hinds NSU a 7 as education discrimination . 60 towards WIL 155 nS (1)0MM Increases increase, in sexual education. reason be. her Would (An 10 homselves Ke Ta 0f WOMIN property rare learn how F LADOr their (NA) status as Idren heir Inde CONTROL birth Medi cine WIL More OF aa methods • CLA UD NAVE Mine CON tral are cr.ate NIEM dMen their Social their 60) HAUS increasing 05 OWN · · · · . . 13 . ; : . . 1. 

economic activities include the direct Primani Interaction and extraction of raw material from the natural environment. This includes agriculture MINING SELONDARVELONDMIL ALTIVITES IS Ashing, and taking raw material and manufacturing theminto production finished goods Forexample an individual clothing factory. TERMAN ELONOMICALINA WOYKING is where prople provide services. Thes V is divided ANINARY QUATERN unaternan ana Inti Formation and capital, like a call mangarement CENTER. ON MAN INVOLVES MIDN LEVELS AT INFORMATION ana education such as a government worker.

Primary sector employment declines with B. improvements in agricultural technologies, similar ADVILLITURE REVOLUTION. NEW METHODS to the selond INNOVATIONS IMPROVE THE PRILESS and ana 0+ farmina For example the speed avill (VPATE) NNONN VILL more organized processes and systems while allowing weeds to be easily sported. Larger numbers of be produced by a smaller number of people, decreasing employment. In Addition INGINITING JOBS AND THE JERNLE JELTOV DUIL nemil ANMANY ELONDMIL ALTIVITY. LOLATEd near more MOM NYBUN AKEAS, A greater number of opportunities

Can be provided to mose who more towards the service elonomy. Production requires a large labor time a lot of which can come from individuals leaving primary activities - decreasing the number employed.

AS a wountry develops mere are improvements to healthcare mat delive ase mortality rates. improvement can be marke in the healthrake i thelf and ALLESI TO Maimlare. A large part of infant montality rates is the health of the mother - and monitoring her health Inurases the infant's chance of survival. Also diabyed is an issue that has affected many infants, and nanna the medicine to treat that increases an infanty chances Delreases in morality rates Lan also occur because of different sound standard. A source with toward more Ø power for women allows them to go out and WAYK INSTRAD simply staying home to take care of children. The social Dt implication of naving less children as they are morely a burden in what greas decreases montality rates of INFANTS.

<u>Emprovements in women's social status begin</u> <u>strator similarly to the intent mortality rate. In more</u> <u>developed areas, women as not nave the expectation to</u> <u>take care of children at nome and even start naving</u> <u>children at later ages. The decreased total tertility</u> <u>yate leads to a gain in power tor women as they</u>

have the ability to work. Work by pongovernmental organizations for microwedit programs has greatly improved women's statutes in developing countries. Microwedit programs give women the chance to provide for thomselves rather than relying on their hubands, who treat them poony. Havingsmall buinestes with otten high return rates gives women the opportunity to become less dependent on men and move independent for thomselves and children.

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ANSWER PAGE FOR QUESTION 1

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<u>A reason for decreases in infant martality rate</u> is an effect of better nealthrane. Even in underdeveloped countries, health care is still more advanced than it was many years ago. This is due to the money covernments are putting towards research

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ADDITIONAL ANSWER PAGE FOR QUESTION 1

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Increased womens social status is due to the Fact that women now have the same vights as men. As women were given rights, they have continuously proved themselves to be just as good as were, which has been continuously debling to their vights.

## AP<sup>®</sup> HUMAN GEOGRAPHY 2016 SCORING COMMENTARY

## **Question 1**

### Overview

This question required students to demonstrate foundational knowledge about the structure of the economy by identifying primary, secondary, and tertiary economic activities (part A), and to explain three changes that occur as a country develops over time. Accomplishment of the second task required integrating knowledge about changes that take place in a country's economic geography (part B1), its population geography (part B2), and its social geography (part B3).

The question was drawn from Part VI (Industrialization and Economic Development) of the AP Human Geography course outline, which requires students to "identify the different economic sectors" (part A); to understand how the primary sector has declined as "the contemporary economic landscape has been transformed by the emergence of service sectors" (part B1); and to "evaluate the role of women in economic development" (parts B2, B3). The question also draws upon essential information, from Part II (Population and Migration), that cites infant mortality rate as a "measure of social and economic development" (part B2).

#### Sample: 1A Score: 7

The response earned full credit and demonstrates a comprehensive understanding of primary, secondary, and tertiary industries, as well as development issues in a country with regard to primary sector employment, infant mortality rate, and women's social status. The essay earned 1 point in part A for identifying primary, secondary, and tertiary activities as agriculture and mining, manufacturing, and professional services respectively. The essay earned 1 point in part B1 for explaining that primary sector employment declines as a country develops due to increased technology in farming and mining, which reduces the number of workers needed in the primary sector (B1a). The essay earned an additional 1 point in part B1 for explaining that industrialization is characterized by increased levels of education, which allow people to find advanced jobs in the secondary and tertiary sectors (B1b). The essay earned 1 point in part B2 for explaining that the infant mortality rate decreases as a country develops due to advances in healthcare, medicine, and hospitals (B2a). The essay earned an additional 1 point in part B2 for explaining that educated women can more effectively take care of their infants, causing lower mortality rates (B2a). The essay earned 1 point in part B3 for explaining that women's social status improves as a country develops because increased access to education leads to better jobs for women and less discrimination against women (B3b). The essay earned an additional 1 point in part B3 for explaining that greater access to sex education and contraception gives women more choices and thus a higher social status.

### Sample: 1B Score: 5

The essay earned full credit in part A and partial credit in part B. The essay earned 1 point in part A for identifying primary, secondary, and tertiary activities as agriculture/fishing/mining, manufacturing, and services respectively. The essay earned 1 point in part B1 for explaining that primary sector employment declines as a country develops due to the increased use of technology, which allows fewer people to do the same work that many once did (B1a). The essay earned an additional 1 point in part B1 for explaining that increasing numbers of new service sector jobs pull people away from primary sector jobs (B1d). The essay earned 1 point in part B2 for explaining that healthcare improvements reduce infant mortality because the mother has more medical options to care for her child (B2a). The essay earned 1 point in part B3 for explaining that financial opportunities such as microcredit programs give women the chance to be financially self-sufficient (B3f).

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## **Question 1 (continued)**

#### Sample: 1C Score: 3

The essay earned partial credit in part B. The essay earned 1 point in part B1 for explaining that declines in primary sector employment are driven by advances in technology, as fewer people are needed to do the same amount of work (B1a). The essay earned 1 point in part B2 for explaining that decreases in infant mortality rate are facilitated by healthcare advances such as better transportation, which allows healthcare practitioners to reach more women and infants and deliver care (B2a). The essay earned 1 point in part B3 for explaining that increased women's rights lead to greater equality for women (B3b).